Hybrid Hydraulic System

[Super Unit]

SUT10D80L21-10-F SUT16D80L21-10-F SUT 7kW SERIES

# **Operation Manual**



DAIKIN INDUSTRIES, LTD. Oil Hydraulics Division <Safety Precautions>

- Before using this product
- Give consideration to make users thoroughly understand the contents of this operation manual.
- Please incorporate the contents of this operation manual in operation manuals for your machine using this product.
- To ensure proper operation of this unit, be sure to read this operation manual and all other attached documents carefully, to have a thorough understanding of the equipment, safety information and all other precautions before installation, operation and maintenance/inspection of this unit.
- Be sure to keep this operation manual, attached documents and delivery specifications in place, so that you can read them whenever required.
- For detailed explanation of the unit, all figures and photographs included in this manual show the unit without covers or safety shields. To operate this unit, be sure to mount the covers and shields in the specified manner, and observe the operating procedures described in this manual.
- The contents of this operation manual are subject to change appropriately for product improvement, specification change or easier operations. The latest version of this manual is available through DAIKIN Oil Hydraulics Division Internet Service

(DHCnet HomePage) (http:// www.dhcnet.daikin.co.jp:8100/).

- This operation manual should be used as a reference that provides safety instructions for DAIKIN Hydraulic Unit. In addition to this manual, please prepare safety references for your machine to ensure safe operations and maintenance in accordance with various standards and norms.
- Conventions of safety instructions in this manual
- In this manual, safety instructions are classified into three categories: "▲DANGER", "▲WARNING" and "▲CAUTION".
  - ▲DANGER: Improper handling regardless of this indication causes an urgently hazardous condition that may result in death or serious injury.
  - ▲ WARNING: Improper handling regardless of this indication causes a potentially hazardous condition that may result in death or serious injury.
  - ▲ CAUTION: Improper handling regardless of this indication causes a potentially hazardous condition that may result in medium or slight injury, or property damage.

Even an item indicated as "CAUTION" may result in a serious accident depending on the situation. All instructions given in this manual include important information. Be sure to observe all of them.

- Safety precautions
- ♦ General precautions

#### **A**DANGER

- Transportation, installation, piping, wiring, operations, maintenance and inspections must be conducted by qualified personnel.
- During the above work, wear protective gear required for safe work (work clothes, safety band, helmet, safety shoes, gloves and so on).
- Do not use this unit under conditions other than those specified in the catalog or delivery specifications.

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- Be sure to conduct daily inspections (described in this manual or attached documents).
- Do not apply external force to this unit. (Do not step on, or pound on this unit.) Otherwise, you may suffer from injury, or the unit may be damaged.

#### <Escape Clauses>

- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any damage attributable to a fire, earthquake, third party's action and other accidents, as well as customer's intention, misuse or use under abnormal conditions.
- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any damage incidental to use of this product or impossibility to use this product (loss of business profit, discontinuation of business).
- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any accident or damage attributable to negligence in observing the instructions given in the operation manual or delivery specifications.
- DAIKIN shall not be responsible for any damage attributable to malfunction caused by combinations of this unit and external equipment.

#### <Limitations on Applications>

- If a failure or malfunction of this unit may directly threaten human life, or this unit is used for equipment that may cause injury to the human body, such an application must be considered depending on the case.
- This unit has been manufactured under strict quality control. However, when it is used for important equipment, the equipment must be provided with a safety device to prevent malfunction of this unit from resulting in serious accident or damage.

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# [1. Introduction]

Thank you for selecting IPM Motor Drive Hydraulic Unit <Super Unit>.

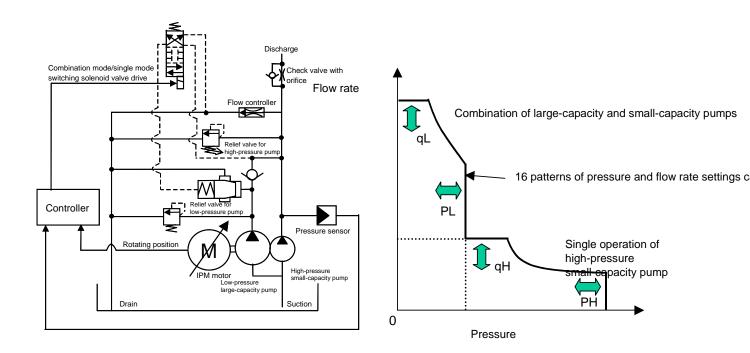
Using the oil hydraulic technology and energy-saving IPM motor drive system that DAIKIN originally developed, the IPM Motor Drive Hydraulic Unit <Super Unit> provides overwhelmingly excellent energy conservation performance and advanced functions.

Before using the SUT Series <Super Unit>, please read this manual thoroughly, and handle and maintain this unit properly, so that this unit can retain excellent performance for a long period.

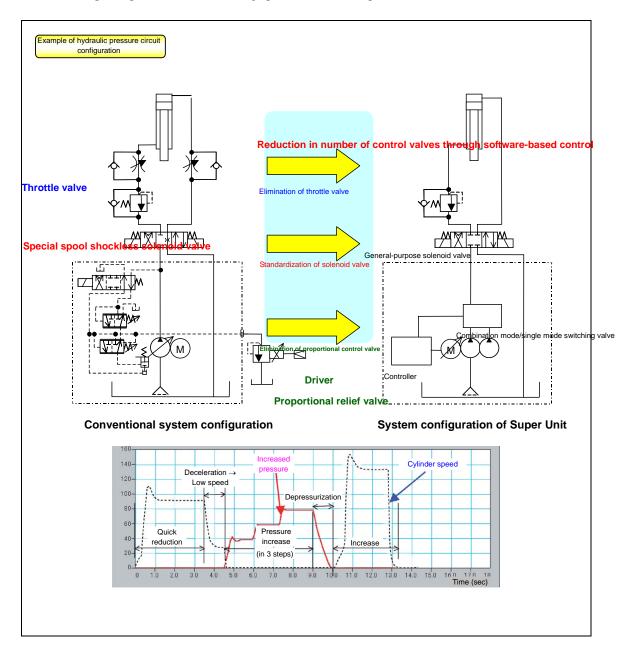
The components of this unit may be modified for the purpose of quality/performance improvement or other reasons. In such a case, some parts of this product may be different from those described in this manual.

# [2. Features and Structure]

- (1) Energy conservation
  - Since the motor unit uses the highly efficient IPM motor drive system that DAIKIN originally developed, the Super Unit provides extremely high energy efficiency.
  - The Super Unit uses the autonomously-switching dual pump system that enables autonomous control of combination mode/single mode switching according to load pressure by using the dual fixed-capacity pumps (small-capacity and large-capacity pumps) and the switching valve. When a large flow rate is required, the dual fixed-capacity pumps (small-capacity and high-capacity pumps) are operated together at a high rpm. When a large flow rate is not required (during a pressure holding period), only the small-capacity pump is operated at a low rpm. Thus, the Super Unit can remarkably reduce energy consumption.



- (2) Multi-stage speed control/Multi-stage pressure control, and shockless control functions
  - The Super Unit enables multi-stage pressure control/flow rate control by selecting 16 patterns of P-Q characteristics that have been registered in the controller from the master machine (via a contact input).
  - The Super Unit enables shockless control by setting or adjusting the rising/falling time during changeover of P-Q characteristics.
  - Since the conventional valve-controlled functions are controlled with the pumps, the Super Unit can simplify the system configuration and reduce the cost for switching between high-speed and low-speed operations and multi-stage pressure control of presses.



#### [3. Description on Model Identification Code]

(a)	(b)	(C)	(d)		(e)		(f)		(g)		(h)
SUT	**	D	80	L	21	-	**	-	*	-	*****

- (a) Series nameSUT: SUT series
- (b) Tank capacity
  - 10: 100 L
  - 16: 160 L
- (c) Pump typeD: Dual gear pump
- (d) Maximum pump discharge rate • 80: 83.0 L/min

- (e) Maximum operating pressure• 21: 20.6 MPa
- (f) Design No.Advances according to model change.
- (g) Optional function
  - F: Noise filter is used.
- (h) Non-standard control No.

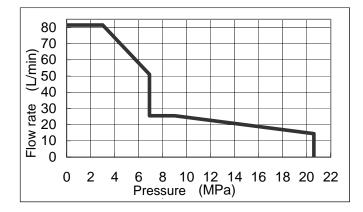
MFG. No

(i)	(j)	(k)		(I)
*	*	**	-	**_****

- (i) Design No.
- (j) Hardware revision history

- (k) Software revision history
- (l) Serial No.

<Output characteristic>



<Series list (Model)>

Max. pump discharge rate	Max. rated pressure	Tank capacity
(L/min)	(MPa)	(L)
92.0	20 6	100
83.0	20.6	160

# [4. Specifications and Operating Conditions]

#### Major specifications

			SUT10D80L21	SUT16D80L21
Maximum operating pres	sure	(MPa)		20.6
Maximum discharge rate	(Note 1)	(L/min)	83.0	
Operating pressure (combination) n		(MPa)		1.5 to 7.0
adjusting range	High-pressure (single) mode	(IVIPa)		1.5 to 20.6
Operating discharge rate	Low-pressure (combination) mode	(L (min)		11.6 to 83.0
adjusting range (Note 1)	High-pressure (single) mode	-(L/min)		4.1 to 30.0
Power supply (Note 2)			36 200 V/50 Hz, 200 V/6	50 Hz, 220 V/60 Hz
External input signal		(5ch)	Photo-coupler insulation, 2	24 VDC (27 VDC max.) 5 mA/ch
External output signal	Contact output	(1ch)	Relay output Contact capae 1c contact	city: 30 VDC, 0.5 A (Resistance load)
External output signal	Digital output	(2ch)	Photo-coupler insulation, or mA max./ch	open-collector output, 24 VDC, 50
Standard paint color			DAIKIN white (Munsell c	ode 5Y7.5/1)

<sup>(Note 1)</sup> • Before shipment from the factory, the unit has been set to the maximum discharge rate. (The maximum discharge rate is a theoretical value, not a guaranteed value.)

- For details on the factory settings, see the initial values given in the setting range table on p. 34. For other specifications, see the delivery specification drawing (model drawing).
- The maximum pressure and flow rate can be set higher than the above adjustment range. However, during normal operation, make sure that the pressure and flow rate settings are within the ranges specified above.
- This hydraulic unit incorporates a high-pressure safety valve, which has been set to work at the maximum operating pressure + 1.0 MPa.
- However, if the surge pressure during actuator operation must be minimized, adjust the pressure setting according to "Attachment: High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure" on p. 50.
- (Note 2) Power supply voltage fluctuation tolerance range is (10%. Even if the power supply voltage fluctuations are within the tolerance range, when the power supply voltage fluctuates in the positive direction, the regenerative overload (alarm stop) may occur in response, depending on the master machine operating conditions and load conditions.

#### ■ Operating conditions

Hydraulic oil <sup>(Note 3)</sup>	Dedicated mineral hydraulic oil / Wear-resistant hydraulic oil (For recommended brands, see DAIKIN "Hydraulic Equipment General Catalog (HK196)".) • Viscosity grade: ISO VG 32 to 68 • Viscosity range: 15 to 400 mm <sup>2</sup> /s
	Pollution degree: NAS Class 9 or lower level
Tank oil temperature	0 to 60°C (Recommended operating temperature range: 15 to 50°C) (Note 4)
Operating ambient temperature	0 to 35°C
Storing ambient temperature	-20 to 60°C
Humidity	80% RH or less (No condensation)
Installation place	Indoor (Be sure to fasten the unit with bolts.)
Others	<ul> <li>Be sure to mount a no-fuse breaker and earth leakage breaker.</li> <li>Make sure that the electric wiring conforms to European Norm EN60204-1.</li> </ul>
	• If you frequently turn ON/OFF the power supply for this unit, the controller service life will be remarkably deteriorated. If you intend to start and stop the unit frequently, use the control stop function of this unit.
	• Be sure to connect the ground terminal.

<sup>(Note 3)</sup> • This unit can use only mineral hydraulic oil. (Water-containing or synthetic oil such as water-glycol cannot be used.)

<sup>(Note 4)</sup> • When the tank oil temperature exceeds the recommended operating temperature range, pressure pulsation may be increased, or the discharge rate may be decreased. However, such phenomena do not indicate abnormality.

# [5. Precautions for Use]

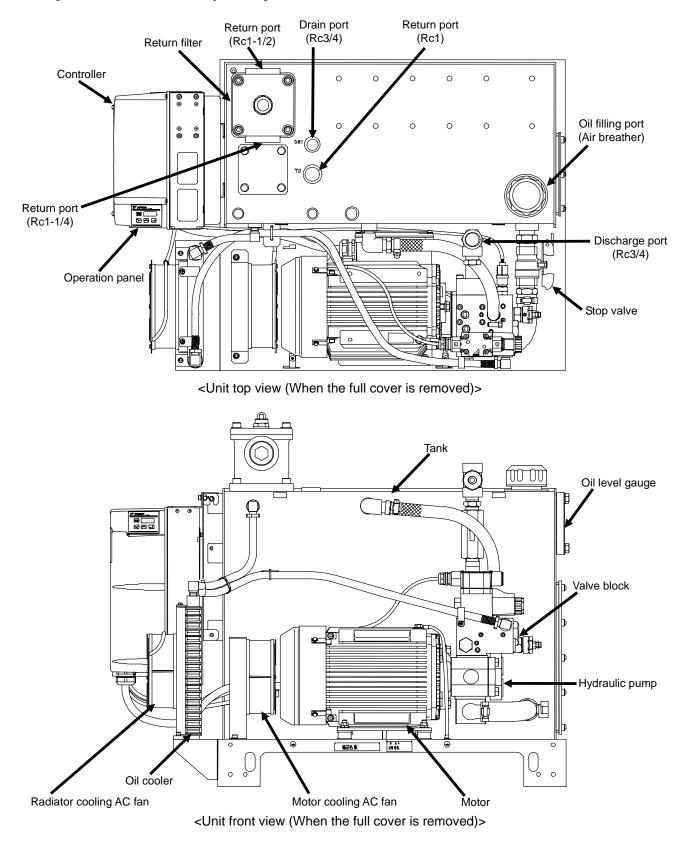
- (1) To provide excellent energy-saving performance, this hydraulic unit provides the solenoid valve that switches the dual pump operation between the combination mode and the single mode. If the machine operating point is close to the solenoid valve switching point, the pump operation may become unstable. In this case, it is necessary to change the flow rate setting or pressure setting. Furthermore, since a dead zone is provided around the solenoid valve switching point, the operating point may overlap with the switching point, causing unstable operation. In this case, adjusting the dead zone width can stabilize the operation.
- (2) The motor pump of this hydraulic unit is mounted via vibration suppressing rubber that prevents motor pump vibration from being conveyed to the unit. Therefore, the discharge piping is provided with a high degree of freedom. When connecting the discharge pipe, be careful that it will not touch the cover, even if it is shaken by reaction force of a hose. The pump should be connected to the unit with a hose.
- (3) This hydraulic unit is equipped with a fan motor to cool the hydraulic oil and the motor. To ensure spaces for air intake and exhaust, do not place an obstacle at 10 cm or shorter distance from the fan motor air intake and exhaust planes.
- (4) This hydraulic unit incorporates a check valve that provides an orifice in the discharge line. If high response is required for machine pressure release or other purpose, the machine must be provided with an additional pressure release circuit.

If the load volume is large, you may hear a fluid flow sound from this orifice when the unit is stopped. However, this phenomenon does not indicate abnormality.

(5) This hydraulic unit is equipped with a safety valve.
This safety valve has been set to a specified pressure before shipment. However, the set pressure of the safety valve may decrease while the machine is repeatedly used for a long period, or due to contaminants in the hydraulic oil.
If this unit is continuously used with the safety valve activated, it may output an alarm due to a temperature rise and so on.

In this case, re-adjust the safety valve pressure setting according to "Attachment: High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure " on p. 50.

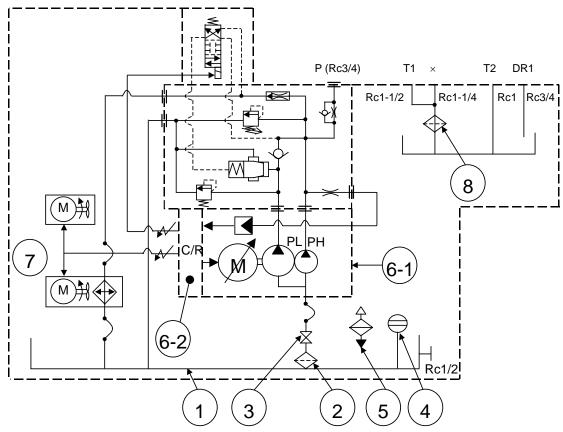
For protection of peripheral equipment (actuator, pressure gauge, etc.) of the master machine, it is recommended that the safety valve pressure setting should be "Unit pressure setting + 1.0 MPa" in order to suppress surge pressure.



#### [6. Names of Unit Components]

# [7. Hydraulic Circuit]

Hydraulic circuit diagram



#### ■ Components

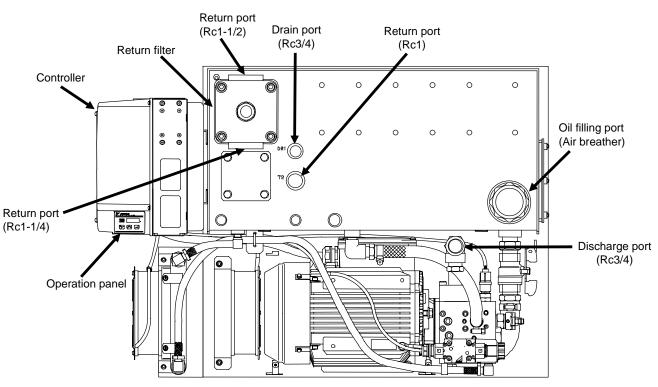
Part No.	Name
1	Tank
2	Suction strainer
3	Stop valve
4	Oil level gauge
5	Oil filling port (Air breather)
6-1	Inverter drive pump
6-2	Controller
7	Oil cooler
8	Return filter

#### Piping

This hydraulic unit is equipped with one return port (submerged in the oil), one drain port (above the oil surface), and one discharge port, in addition to the return filter. Connect pipes with these ports as required. Each piping port has been covered with tapered cap (vinyl cap) before shipment.

Fasten each pipe connection by winding sealing tape.

The return filter provides two ports. The front port is closed with a plug (Rc1-1/4, and the rear port is covered with a tapered cap (vinyl cap: Rc1-1/2).



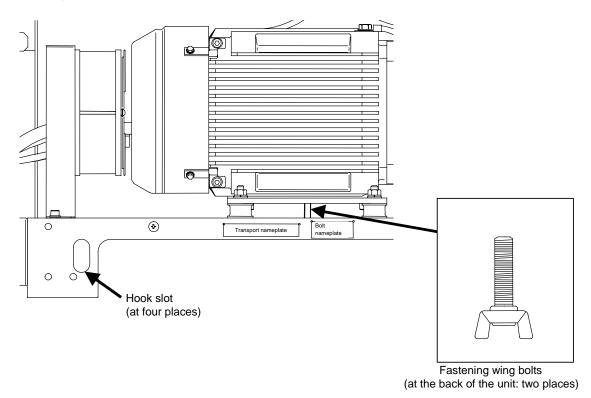
<Unit top view (When the full cover is removed)>

#### **A**CAUTION

• This hydraulic unit incorporates a check valve. If an additional inline check valve is mounted to the discharge port, resonance occurs, which may have bad influence on the master machine. Therefore, do not use an inline check valve.

# [8. Precautions for Operation, Transportation and Installation]

- In order to suppress vibration and noise, vibration suppressing rubber is attached to each mounting leg. Before shipment, it is fastened with wing bolts (M8 × L30: at two places) in order to suppress transport vibration.
- Precautions for operation
- Before operation, remove the fastening wing bolts (M8 × L30: at two places). Operating the unit without removing the wing bolts may increase vibration and noise.
- Precautions for transportation
- During transportation, be sure to mount the motor base to the base with the wing bolts (M8 × L30: at two places) to fasten it securely in order to protect the vibration suppressing rubber. (See the figure below)



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- If the hydraulic unit is lifted by any parts (e.g. pump pipes) other than the hook slots, the unit may fall or turn over.
- Check the weight of the hydraulic unit, and make sure that it does not exceed the rated load capacity of each lifting sling.

#### ▲ WARNING

- During transportation, make sure that the unit can be evenly lifted by the hook slots at four places.
- During transportation using lifting slings, never come close to the unit. If the unit falls or turns over, you may suffer from injury.

•

▲ CAUTION
Avoid transporting the hydraulic unit with hydraulic oil contained in the tank.
(This may cause oil leak, or malfunction due to air intrusion.)
During transportation, hold the hydraulic unit securely so that it will not be moved by vibration or

external force.

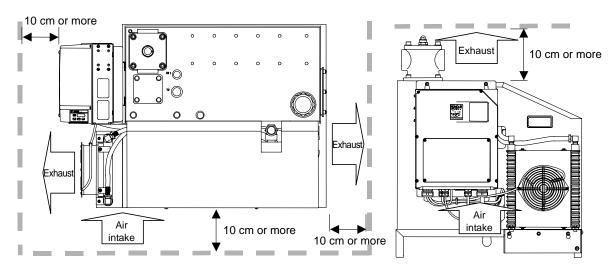
<Weight table> (Hydraulic oil is not included)

Model	SUT10D80L07	SUT16D80L21
Tank capacity	100 L	160 L
Weight	135 kg	145 kg

- Precautions for installation
- Securing air intake/exhaust space

Do not place an obstacle that blocks the oil cooler's air intake or air exhaust within 10 cm from the unit end surface.

Install the unit in a well-ventilated place to prevent the area around the unit from being stuffed with hot air. Make sure that the intake air temperature does not exceed the specified ambient temperature range (35°C or lower temperature).



#### ▲ WARNING

- If the hydraulic unit is used in a place without an air intake/exhaust space, or a place stuffed with hot air, the oil cooler/fan motor's heat exchanging function will deteriorate, causing the hydraulic oil and equipment to become extremely hot.
- If you accidentally touch the hot parts, you may get burns.

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- If the hydraulic unit is used in a place without an air intake/exhaust space, or where hot air is stuffed around the unit, the motor and controller become hot, causing the equipment service life to be remarkably shortened.
- When the motor or controller becomes hot, the temperature protection function is activated to stop operation.

(When the motor or controller becomes extremely hot, the alarm/warning signal will be output.)

- If the hydraulic unit is continuously used at a high temperature, the hydraulic equipment (pump, valves, etc.) will have defects or shortened service life, as well as the electric components described above.
- Using the hydraulic unit at a high temperature accelerates deterioration of the hydraulic oil, resulting in shortened service life.
- ◆ Fastening onto a level plane
- Install the hydraulic unit on a level base or level floor.
- Fasten the hydraulic unit securely so that it will not shake.
- For attaching the base fixing bracket (separately sold), see the delivery specification drawing (model drawing).

#### **WARNING**

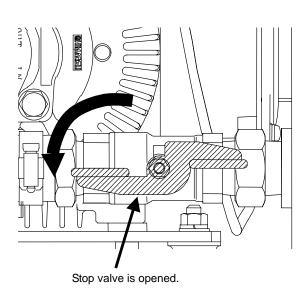
• Unless the hydraulic unit is fastened with bolts, it may be turned over or moved by reaction force under the oil pressure in the pipe.

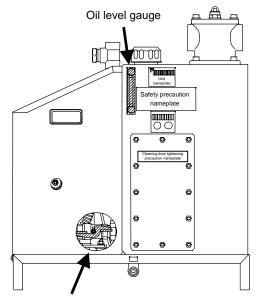
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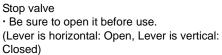
• If the hydraulic unit is installed on an inclined plane, oil leak or air intrusion occurs, resulting in abnormal sound or shortened service life of the equipment. Be sure to install the unit on a level plane.

#### [9. Preparations for Operation]

- Filling hydraulic oil
- Remove the cap of the oil filling port (air breather) by turning it counterclockwise, and fill clean hydraulic oil (pollution degree: NAS Class 9 or lower level) into the tank. Set the oil level so that the float of the level gauge is between the red and yellow lines.
- Use the hydraulic oil conforming to the specifications on p. 9.
- Make sure that the stop valve is opened.







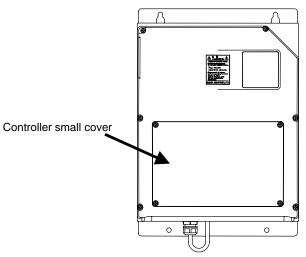
Tank capacity	Oil level setting range			
(L)	Yellow line (upper limit)	Red line (lower limit)		
100	100 L	85 L		
160	165 L	141 L		

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- [1] Operating the hydraulic unit with no oil in the tank causes pump seizure or wear, which may result in pump damage.
- [2] Make sure that the stop valve is opened. If the stop valve is not opened, the oil cannot be supplied into the pump. This causes pump seizure or wear, which may result in pump damage.
- [3] During initial operation of the machine, oil will be supplied into the hydraulic circuit of the machine. Be careful about a decrease in oil level in the tank.
- [4] The oil level in the tank may largely fluctuate depending on the machine hydraulic circuit. This may result in oil leak from the tank, or decrease in oil level.

#### Electric wiring

- This hydraulic unit needs connections of a main power cable and I/O signal cables as required. (For recommended cables, see the table below.)
- Connect the main power cable and I/O signal cables through the specified wiring holes.
- In order to protect the electric circuit against short-circuiting and overcurrent and prevent electric shocks, the hydraulic unit main power supply must be equipped with a safety device (no-fuse breaker, earth leakage breaker, etc.) conforming to European Norm EN60947-2. (For the capacity of each device, see the table below.)
- For the power supply connection device, use a switch that provides 3 mm or longer contact distance for three electrodes in the OFF status.



Main power supply wiring hole

<Front view of the unit controller>

<Bottom view of the unit controller>

Item	Cable size	Recommended cable	Recommended crimp terminal	Recommended cable clamp
Power supply cable	6.0 mm <sup>2</sup> or more (AWG10 or larger size)	CE362 $6.0 \text{ mm}^2 \times 4 \text{ cores}$ (manufactured by KURAMO)	RPB5. 5-5 (manufactured by NICHIFU)	OA-W2219 (manufactured by OHM ELECTRIC)

Item	Cable size compatible with the terminal block	Recommended cable	Recommended cable clamp
I/O signal cable	0.3 - 1.0 mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG22 - 16)		OA-W1611 (manufactured by OHM ELECTRIC) Applicable cable outer diameter: φ9 - φ11

[Rated current and breaker setting]

Madal		Power supply voltage and frequency					Breaker setting			
Model	Зф	200 V	50 Hz	Зф	200 V	60 Hz	Зф	220 V	60 Hz	
SUT10D80L21/SUT16D80L21		25.5			24.8			22.7		50A

# ▲ DANGER

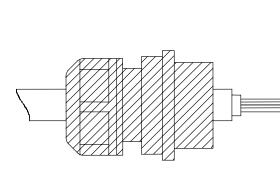
- For connection of the ground terminal, ensure Class D (former Class 3) or higher grounding condition. (Connect the ground terminal directly without using a breaker.)
- Be sure to complete installation of the hydraulic unit before connecting the cables.
- Before connecting the cables, be sure to turn OFF the main power supply breaker, and make sure that the power is interrupted.
- Be sure not to connect the power supply cable to the I/O signal terminals.
- Do not apply an excessive power supply voltage higher than the power supply rating of the hydraulic unit.

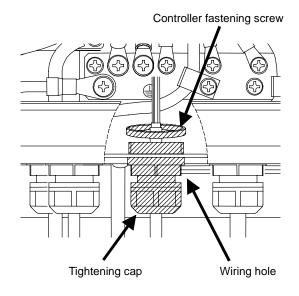
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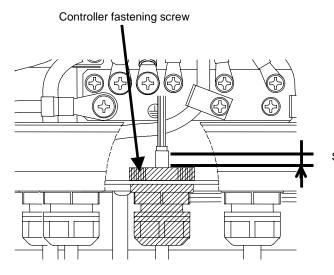
• The hydraulic unit incorporates an overcurrent protection function. Therefore, it does not need an overcurrent protection thermal relay. If a thermal relay is used, the hydraulic unit may malfunction due to influence of inverter switching.

<How to use the cable clamp>

- 1. Loosen the tightening cap, and pass the cable through the clamp. Before this step, remove the controller fastening screw in advance.
- 2. Insert the cable into the controller through the controller's wiring hole.
- 3. Tighten the controller fastening screw to fasten the cable clamp to the controller.
- 4. Tighten the tightening cap to fasten the cable. The cable sheath protrusion length should be approx. 2 to 3 mm.







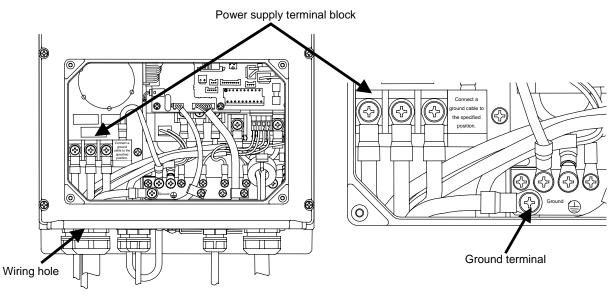
Sheath protrusion length: 2 to 3 mm

#### Wiring procedure

To connect the main power supply and I/O signal cables, remove the small cover of the controller. Remove the controller small cover by loosening the cross recessed head machine screws (four M4 screws, Tightening torque:  $1.0 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ ).

#### • Connecting the main power supply cable

- Connect the main power supply cable to the controller through the controller's wiring hole. Use a cable clamp suitable for the wiring hole, whose protection rating should be IP54 or higher level. (Wiring hole diameter: \$\phi28 mm)
  - [1] Connect the ground cable to the controller's ground terminal.
  - [2] Connect the power supply cable to individual terminals on the power supply terminal block. (Tightening torque: 2.4 N·m)



<When the unit controller small cover is removed>

<Enlarged view of power supply terminal block>

#### ▲ DANGER

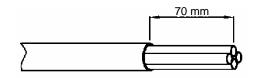
- Use an AC power supply conforming to the power supply specifications of this product.
- Use a power supply cable conforming to the power supply capacity. (See the table below.)
- Do not connect the power supply cable to the ground terminal.
- The ground terminal is connected with the motor frame. Ensure Class D (former Class 3) or higher grounding condition.
- When unsheathing the cable, be careful not to damage the conductors.
- Be careful that the cable conductors do not protrude from the terminal block.

#### 

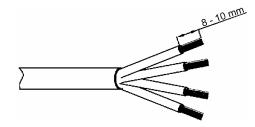
- For connection of the power supply cable, attach a crimp terminal to the tip of the cable.
- The cable inserted into the cable clamp should be a multi-core cable as those recommended below. If two or more cables are inserted into the clamp, the cable clamp does not conform to the specified protection rating because of a gap between the cables and the cable clamp.
- When connecting the cable, be careful not to drop a screw into the housing.

#### <Power supply cable connecting procedure>

[1] Unsheathe the cable by approx. 70 mm.

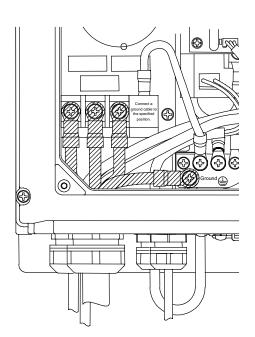


[2] Remove the inner sheath so that the core wires are exposed by 8 to 10 mm.



Approx. 1 mm

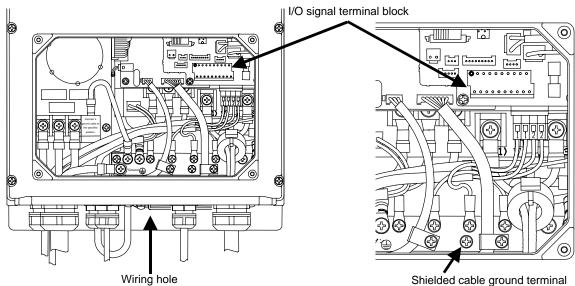
- [3] As shown on the right, crimp the round crimp terminal with insulation sheath by using a dedicated tool.
- [4] After looping each cable connect it to the terminal block.



# **A**CAUTION

• If the crimp tool is not suitable for the crimp terminal, the cable will come off the terminal due to a crimp failure during operation. This results in short-circuiting or burnout of the circuit caused by abnormal heating.

- Connecting the I/O signal cable
- (1) Connect the main power supply cable to the controller through the controller's wiring hole. Use a cable clamp suitable for the wiring hole, which should provide IP54 or higher protection rating. (Wiring hole diameter:  $\phi 22 \text{ mm}$ )
- (2) Check the specifications of individual signal lines (see p. 24), and connect the cable to the I/O signal terminal block.



<When the unit controller small cover is removed>

Shielded cable ground terminal

<Enlarged view of I/O signal terminal block>

# A DANGER

- Do not connect the I/O signal cable to the power supply terminal block.
- When unsheathing the cable, be careful not to damage the conductors.
- Be careful that the cable conductors do not protrude from the terminal block.

#### 

- After checking the specifications of individual signal lines (see p. 24), connect the cable to the I/O signal terminal block.
- The cable inserted into the cable clamp should be a multi-core cable as those recommended below. If two or more cables are inserted into the clamp, the cable clamp does not conform to the specified protection rating because of a gap between the cables and the cable clamp.
- Terminate the shielded cable securely, and connect it to the shielded cable connection terminal.
- If noise cannot be eliminated by connecting the shielded cable to the ground terminal, the user's equipment should be directly grounded. (Disconnect the ground cable of this unit.)

<ul> <li>insert it all the way into the terminal so that the conductors will not become loose.</li> <li>[3] Tighten the screw with a screwdriver.</li> <li>[4] Pull the cable lightly to make sure that it is securely connected.</li> <li>Unsheathed length of the cable: 6 mm</li> <li><u>6</u></li> </ul>
--

#### ■ I/O signal cable specifications

Specifications of the external interface I/O signal cables are listed below. For detailed specifications of each signal cable, refer to the following pages.

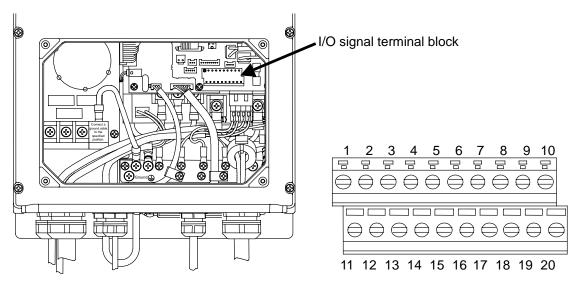
Termi	nal No.	Туре	Name	Function of ter	rminal	Remarks
	$ \begin{array}{r}1\\11\\2\\12\\3\end{array} $	No connection				These terminals are not open to users. Do not use these terminals.
	13		ІСОМ	Digital input comm	ion	Both plus common and minus common are allowable.
	4	Digital I/O terminal	DIN1	Digital input 1		Used for start/stop control. Operation at the signal input can be changed by the start/stop signal switching command in the setting mode.
I/O signal terminal block	14		DIN2	Digital input 2	PQ0	
al b	5		DIN3	Digital input 3	PQ1	P-Q selection patterns (0 to 15) can be changed
nin	15		DIN4	Digital input 4	PQ2	depending on the combination of input signals.
terr	6		DIN5	Digital input 5	PQ3	
nal	16		DO1	Digital output 1		Outputs a complete signal.
Sig.	7		DO2	Digital output 2		Outputs the unit alarm or warning status.
2	17		OCOM	Digital output com	mon	Minus common
	8	Digital/contact output terminal	AL_A	Contact output a		When the pressure switch is in the normal condition, the contact output is connected to the common.
	18		AL_B	Contact output b		When the pressure switch is in an abnormal condition, the contact output is connected to the common.
	9		AL_C	Contact output common		Common
	19					These terminals are not onen to users. Do not
	10	No connection				These terminals are not open to users. Do not use these terminals.
	20					

\* When [P08] is set to "0":

Digital output 1 outputs an alarm/warning signal. The contact output terminal outputs a pressure switch signal.

When [P08] is set to "1":

Digital output 1 is not used. The contact output terminal outputs an alarm/warning signal and pressure switch signal.



<When the unit controller small cover is removed>

<I/O signal terminal block>

#### ◆ Digital input

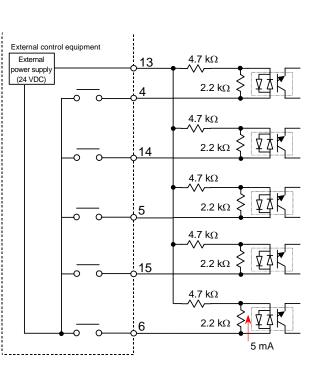
These terminals are used for sequence input signals that control the unit operations from external equipment. Connect these terminals as required, with reference to the table below.

Terminal No.	Signal name		Remarks
13	Digital input con	nmon	Both positive and negative signals are acceptable.
			Used for start/stop control. With the start/stop signal
4	Digital input 1		switching parameter (Setting mode: [P00]), you can change
			the operation at signal input. (See p. 37)
14	Digital input 2	PQ0	
5	Digital input 3 PQ1 Digital input 4 PQ2		P-Q selection Nos. 0 to 15 can be selected depending on the
15			combination of digital input status.
6	Digital input 5	PQ3	(For P-Q selection setting, see p. 37.

Note) While the unit is stopped by digital input, the panel shows "STP".

P-Q	Digital	Digital	Digital	Digital
selection	input 2	input 3	input 4	input 5
No.	PQ0	PQ1	PQ2	PQ3
0	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
1	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
2	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
3	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
4	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
5	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
6	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
7	ON	ON	ON	OFF
8	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
9	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
10	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
11	ON	ON	OFF	ON
12	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
13	ON	OFF	ON	ON
14	OFF	ON	ON	ON
15	ON	ON	ON	ON

Combination	of digital	inputs for	P-O	selection
Comomation	or ungitur	inputs for	Y	selection



# 

• For the external power supply, use a power supply with 24 VDC  $\pm 1$  V, 0.5 A or higher capacity.

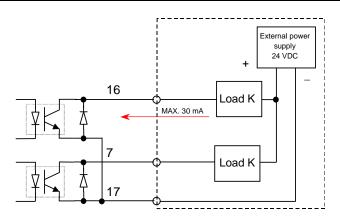
• Power cannot be supplied from this controller to external equipment.

• The current flowing through each input circuit is 5 mA (typical). To configure a circuit with a contact, be careful about the minimum current of the contact.

#### Digital output/Contact output

These terminals are used for digital/contact output signals that output alarm status of this unit. Connect these terminals as required, with reference to the table below. For description on the outputs, see the alarm codes on p. 40.

Terminal No.	Signal name	Remarks
16	Digital output 1	Complete signal (See the timing chart in the Attachment.)
7	Digital output 2	Outputs alarm or warning status of the unit.
17	Digital output common	Negative common



# **A**CAUTION

- As the external power supply, prepare a 24 VDC ±1 V, 0.5 A power supply. Power cannot be supplied from this controller to external equipment.
- This controller's output circuit serves as negative common.
- The maximum output current of an output circuit is 30 mA (resistance load). If you attempt to drive load higher than the allowable current, the circuit may be damaged. Pay attention to the maximum allowable current.
- To drive induction load, take surge preventive measures.

Terminal No.	Signal name	Remarks
8	Contact output a	When the pressure switch is in the normal condition
18	Contact output a	When the pressure switch is in an abnormal condition
9	Contact output common	Common

COM 0 Contact output a 0 18 Contact output b 9 Common

(Power ON: normal)

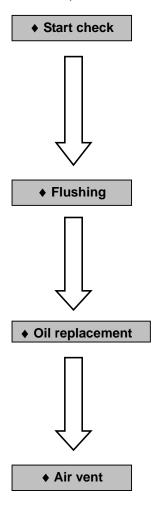
# 

- The contact output switching capacity is 30 VDC/0.5 A (resistance load). If you attempt to drive load higher than the allowable current, the contact may be damaged. Pay attention to the maximum allowable current.
- The minimum allowable load of the contact output is 10 mVDC/10  $\mu$ A. However, it is an approximate lower limit that enables the contact to be opened/closed under minute load. This value varies depending on switching frequency and environmental conditions. We recommend you to check the minimum allowable load in actual conditions.
- To drive induction load, take surge preventive measures.

# [10. Test Run]

Supply hydraulic oil into the tank to the specified level, and conduct a test run after piping and electric wiring are completed.

(Before turning ON the power supply, re-check if the ground cable and power supply cable are securely connected.)



• Turn ON the switch on the machine control panel.

- [1] Check the pump operation sound, and confirm that a pressure indicated on the display panel increases.
- [2] Confirm that the oil cooler AC fan motor is running.
- NOTE) This hydraulic unit takes a warm-up time of approx. three seconds until it starts operation after power-ON.
  (The pressure rising time varies depending on the pipe volume.) Furthermore, the hydraulic unit takes a time to increase the circuit pressure above the set pressure of the pressure switch. During this period, the pressure switch signal may be output depending on the pipe condition (pipe volume). In such a case, set up the master machine so that it dose not receive the alarm output.
- After completion of the start check, set the circuit pressure at 1 to 1.5 MPa (No-load operation), and flush oil through the circuit for approx. two hours.
- To conduct flushing operation, loop all pipes, and run the oil through a filter.
- Before flushing operation, check all pipe connections for looseness and oil leak.
- After completion of the flushing operation, check the return filter indicator. If the filter is clogged, replace the filter element, and drain all hydraulic oil from the tank through the oil drain port of the tank.
- Fill new hydraulic oil through the oil filling port (air breather) to the specified level.

(Use new clean hydraulic oil with pollution degree of NAS Class 9 or lower level.)

- Evacuate air from the hydraulic circuit completely. If air is not completely evacuated, the following phenomena may occur.
- [1] Abnormal operation of cylinder actuator
- [2] Abnormal sound of pump and valve

NOTE: Specifications of the return filter element are subjected to change. When replacing the element, check the type of the return filter incorporated in the unit, and order the specified type of element.

#### **A**DANGER

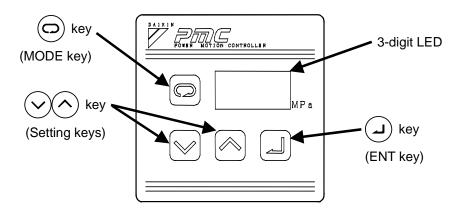
When evacuating air, high-pressure and high-temperature oil may spout out. Pay attention to oil splash.

# [11. Operation Panel Operating Procedure]

This hydraulic unit enables you to monitor or change pressure, flow rate or other parameter settings by operating the controller key switches.

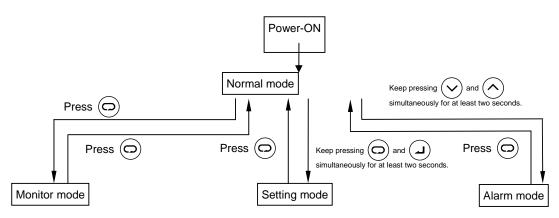
# Outline of functions

The operation panel is comprised of the 3-digit LED **BBB**, mode key **O**, setting keys **O** and ENT key **D**. Normally, the panel shows an actual pressure value. It can be switched between the monitor display mode and set value display mode through key operations.



- Description on individual modes
- Normal mode: Displays an actual pressure value or alarm code.
- Monitor mode:Displays a pressure switch set value, pressure set value, flow rate set value, actual flow rate, and actual rpm.
- Setting mode: Used to set or change a parameter such as pressure and flow rate.
- Alarm mode: Alarm records can be checked.
- Shift between individual modes

Key switch operations for shift between individual modes are shown below:



#### Operating procedure for each mode

#### a) Monitor mode

The monitor mode allows you to monitor a parameter by selecting a desired item from the following table.

Parameter No.	Name	Description
n00	Pressure switch setting	(MPa) [When PSI unit is selected, x 10PSI]
1100	Flessure switch setting	Displays a pressure switch setting.
		(MPa) [When PSI unit is selected, x 10PSI]
n01 Note 1	Pressure setting	Alternately displays pressure settings of the high-pressure and low-pressure
		pumps for the current P-Q selection number.
		(L/min)
n02	Discharge rate setting	Alternately displays discharge flow rate settings of the small-capacity and
		large-capacity pumps for the current P-Q selection number.
n03	Discharge rate	(L/min)
		Displays the current discharge rate.
n04 Note 2	Latest alarm code	Displays the latest alarm code.
n05	rpm	(x10min <sup>-1</sup> )
1105		Displays the current rpm.
n06	One set in a state	Displays the current switching status (combination or single mode) of the
1100	Operating status	solenoid valve and the P-Q selection number.
	Reverse rpm at	Displays a motor reverse rpm due to counter-flow from the load when the unit
n07	power-OFF	power supply is turned OFF. This parameter is used to estimate the machine
	power-orr	load volume.
n08	Regenerative load	Displays the load integration ratio of the current regenerative braking resistance.
1108	integration ratio	Displays the load integration ratio of the current regenerative braking resistance.

<sup>Note1</sup> With the factory setting, "MPa" is the standard unit. When it is changed to the PSI unit, attach a label to indicate the PSI display mode.

However, if the PSI unit is used in Japan, you will be punished under the Measuring and Weighing Law.

The indication label should be prepared by the user.

<sup>Note 2</sup> For details on the alarm codes, refer to description on the alarm display mode.

You can check the current power-ON count by pressing the  $( \Box )$  key when an alarm code is

displayed.

An example of monitor mode operation is shown below.

<Example> Monitoring current discharge rate

Operating procedure	Key operation	3-digit LED	Remarks
• Power-ON (Startup, Run)			
Actual pressure display		20.6	
• Shift to monitor mode	$\odot$		
Parameter No. selection	$\bigcirc$		Press the  key three times. Blinking
<ul> <li>Monitor display</li> </ul>	Ĺ	/////	
<ul> <li>Return to actual pressure display mode</li> </ul>	0	8 3.0 2 0.6	Discharge rate (theoretical value) 83.0 L/min

To monitor other parameter, return to the actual pressure display mode once, and then select a desired item.

#### b) Setting mode

The setting mode allows you to set or change a parameter such as pressure and flow rate on the operation panel.

For the parameters that can be specified or changed in the setting mode and their adjusting ranges, see the list of setting ranges on p. 37.

For the initial values and adjusting ranges of non-standard models or custom-made models, see the delivery specifications on separate sheets.

#### NOTE:

- [1] The above discharge rate set value is a theoretical value (the product of theoretical displacement volume by rpm). It is slightly different from the actual discharge rate.
- [2] For the pressure/flow rate setting parameters ([P13] through [P28]), the following settings are not allowed.
  - a) If [PH.\*] is set lower than [PL.\*], [PL.\*] automatically becomes equal to [PH.\*].
  - b) [PL.\*] cannot be set higher than [PH.\*].
  - c) If [qL.\*] is set lower than [qH.\*], [qH.\*] automatically becomes equal to [qL.\*].
  - d) [qH.\*] cannot be set higher than [qL.\*].

Wherein, [PH.\*] is a high-pressure pump pressure setting, and [qH.\*] is a small flow rate setting. [PL.\*] is a low-pressure pump pressure setting, and [qL.\*] is a large flow rate setting.

Example) If the [PH.0] setting is changed to "5.5 MPa" when [PL.0] is set at "6.0 MPa", the [PL.0] setting is automatically changed to "5.5 MPa".

Parameter No.	Name	Description		
P00	Start/stop signal switching	Specify whether to run or stop the unit at signal input.		
P01	Pressure switch setting	Specify whether to enable or disable the pressure switch function, and the pressure to activate the pressure switch.		
P02	Pressure alarm output delay time setting	Specify the delay time until alarm output after the pressure falls below the pressure switch activating pressure.		
P03	Pressure switch display hold setting	Specify the function that indicates that the pressure switch is activated. For details on this function, see "Alarm codes and classification table" on p. 40.		
P04	Pressure unit selection setting	Used to change the unit of the normal pressure display mode ("MPa" or "x10 PSI").		
P05	Regenerative load command ratio setting	Adjust the regenerative load when it is too much increased at normal pressure response (FF $\rightarrow$ DH).		
P06	Unused	Since this parameter is not used, it has no influence on operating conditions. However, do not attempt to change it.		
P07	Warning output level setting	Specify a warning output level.		
P08	Alarm output combination setting	Specify a warning output level. Specify whether to activate the contact outputs (alarm, warning and pressure switch outputs) individually, or integrate them into one output. (See the timing chart in Attachment on p. 53.)		
P09	Reset to factory setting	Resets P00 to P08 settings to factory settings.		
105		Adjust a control response value.		
P10	Response gain	(A smaller value makes quicker response.)		
		Adjust an acceleration response value.		
P11	Acceleration response gain	(A larger setting makes quicker acceleration response. However, it easily causes		
	I B	vibration during deceleration.)		
		Specify a solenoid valve response delay time so that a P-Q selection is		
P12	Solenoid valve response delay time	synchronized with motion of the operating axis.		
P13		This mode is used to set a pressure, flow rate, acceleration time and deceleration		
P14		time for each P-Q selection No.		
	4	Set the following items in this order:		
P15	-	PH <pressure (single="" high-pressure="" mode)="" of="" pump="" setting=""></pressure>		
P16	4	qH <flow (single="" high-pressure="" mode)="" of="" pump="" rate="" setting=""></flow>		
P17		PL <pressure (combination="" low-pressure="" mode)="" of="" pump="" setting=""></pressure>		
P18		qL <flow (combination="" low-pressure="" mode)="" of="" pump="" rate="" setting=""></flow>		
P19		Ut <acceleration setting="" time=""></acceleration>		
P20		: Increases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously		
P21	P-Q selection 0 to 15	specified.		
-	Pressure, flow rate, acceleration time and	<ul><li>dt <deceleration setting="" time=""></deceleration></li><li>: Decreases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously</li></ul>		
P22	deceleration time settings	specified.		
P23	4	specifical		
P24		* For parameters [P23] through [P28], P-Q selection Nos. are expressed by		
P25		hexadecimal numbers.		
P26		Example)		
P27	]	When P-Q selection No. is "10": PH.A, qH.A, PL.A, qL.A, Ut.A, dt.A		
		When P-Q selection No. is "11": PH.b, qH.b, PL.b, qL.b, Ut.b, dt.b $\downarrow$		
P28		When P-Q selection No. is "15": PH.F, qH.F, PL.F, qL.F, Ut.F, dt.F		
P29	High/Low switching response time setting	Used to adjust the minimum response time for switching the solenoid valve when the pump operation is unstable because the operating point is close to the high pressure/low pressure switching point (solenoid valve switching point).		
P30	Single mode switching rpm dead zone setting	Used to adjust the dead zone of the solenoid valve switching rpm when the pump operation is unstable because the operating point is close to the high pressure/low pressure switching point (solenoid valve switching point).		

The setting mode allows you to set (adjust) a parameter by selecting a desired item from the following table.

Normally, the P05, P10 and P11 settings need not to be changed. However, if a special circuit condition (large load volume, etc.) is expected, these settings must be changed.

• Flow rate setting changing procedure

An example of flow rate setting changing operation is shown below.

 $<\!\!Example\!\!>\!\!Changing$  flow rate for P-Q selection 1 from 83.0 L/min to 32.8 L/min.

Operating procedure	Key operation	3-digit LED	Remarks
Power-ON     Actual pressure display		20.6	
Setting mode      Parameter No. selection	Keep pressing two keys simultaneously for at least two seconds.	×   // <b>P00</b> //   / ×	After two seconds
Set value display	(L)	<b>P01</b> <td>P-Q selection 1</td>	P-Q selection 1
		<i>₽н. 1</i> ↓↑ 20.6	Displays pressure setting of high-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1.
P-Q selection	Press (J) three times. "PH.1", "qH.1", "PL.1", "qL.1", "Ut.1" and "dt.1" are alternately displayed in this order.	<b>9∟.  </b> ↓↑ 83.0	Displays flow rate setting of low-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1.
Changing set value	$\bigcirc$ or $\land$		
• Writing set value	F	32.8	Displays acceleration time setting after writing flow rate setting.
<ul> <li>Return to actual pressure display mode</li> </ul>	0	UE. 1 20.6	

CAUTION: The flow rate setting can be arbitrarily specified in steps of 0.1 L/min.

Model	Theoretical pump displacement volume (cc/rev)		
	Pump capacity (Low-pressure mode)	Pump capacity (High-pressure mode)	
SUT10D80L21/SUT16D80L21	19.3	6.68	

• Pressure setting changing procedure

An example of pressure setting changing operation is shown below.

<Example> Changing pressure for P-Q selection 1 from 7.0 MPa to 6.0 MPa

Operating procedure	Key operation	3-digit LED	Remarks
<ul> <li>Power-ON</li> <li>Actual pressure display</li> <li>Setting mode</li> </ul>	Co Keep pressing two keys simultaneously	20.6 P00	After two seconds
• Parameter No. selection	for at least two seconds.		P-Q selection 1
Set value display		<u>₽н.</u> 1 20.6	Displays pressure setting of high-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1.
P-Q selection     Changing set value	Press  two times. "PH.1", "qH.1", "PL.1", "qL.1", "Ut.1" and "dt.1" are alternately displayed in this order. or   or	<u>₽∟.</u> 1 ↓↑ <u>7.0</u>	Displays flow rate setting of low-pressure pump for P-Q selection 1.
Writing set value		5.0	
		9 <u>L.</u> 1 1 32.8	Displays flow rate setting of low-pressure pump after writing low-pressure pump pressure setting.
Return to actual pressure display mode	0	20.6	

# • Setting range

Parameter No.	Description	Initial setting	Operating range Note1	Display unit
	Start/stop signal switching	1	0: Run at signal input 1: Stop at signal input	-
			0 to 35.0 (0: Disabled)	(MPa)
P01	Pressure switch setting	0	0 to 507 (0: Disabled)	[When PSI unit is selected, × 10PSI]
P02	Pressure alarm output delay time setting	0	0.00 to 9.99 (9.99 sec. max.)	(sec)
P03	Pressure switch display hold setting	0	<ol> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Holds display during pressure switch activation</li> <li>Display and memory during pressure switch activation</li> </ol>	-
P04	Pressure unit selection setting	0	0: MPa 1: PSI	-
P05	Regenerative load command ratio setting	50	30 to 100	(%)
P06	Unused	0		
P07	Warning output level setting	0	0: No warning output 1: Warning status output 2: Alarm equivalent output	-
P08	Alarm output combination setting	1	0: Individual alarm output 1: Integrated alarm output See Attachment. Note 6	-
P09	Reset to factory setting	0	<ul> <li>0: Retains current settings</li> <li>1: Reset to factory settings <sup>Note 7</sup></li> </ul>	-
P10	Response gain Note 2	30	10 to 999 (A smaller value makes quicker response.)	-
P11	Acceleration response gain Note 2	200	0 to 500	-
P12	Solenoid valve response delay time	0	0.00 to 9.99	(sec)
	P-Q selection 0 to 15 Pressure, flow rate, a	cceleration time an	d deceleration time settings	
	PH.00 to PH.15:	3.5	1.5 to 20.6	(MPa)
	Pressure setting of high-pressure pump (single mode) <sup>Note 3</sup>	50	22 to 298	(× 10 PSI)
	qH.00 to qH.15: Flow rate setting of high-pressure pump (single mode) <sup>Note 4</sup>	26.7	4.1 to 30.0	(L/min)
	PL.00 to PL.15:	3.5	1.5 to 7.0	(MPa)
P13 to P28	Pressure setting of low-pressure pump (combination mode) <sup>Note 3</sup>	50	22 to 100	(× 10 PSI)
	qL.00 to qL.15: Flow rate setting of low-pressure pump (combination mode) <sup>Note 4</sup>	83.0	11.6 to 86.8	(L/min)
	Ut.00 to Ut.15: Acceleration time setting Note 5	0.10	0.01 to 9.99	(sec/MPa) (sec/1000min <sup>-1</sup> )
	dt. 00 to dt.15: Deceleration time setting Note 5	0.10	0.01 to 9.99	(sec/MPa) (sec/1000min <sup>-1</sup> )
P29	High/Low switching response time setting	0.30	0.05 to 1.00	(sec)
P30	Single mode switching rpm dead zone setting	400	0 to 999	(min <sup>-1</sup> )

Note 1	For setting or adjustment on the operation panel, a value exceeding the above operating range can
	be specified. However, be sure to use the unit within the specified operating range.
Note 2	If the load volume is normal, response gain adjustment is not required. If the response gain is
	changed to an improper value, the unit operation becomes unstable, or surge pressure may be
	generated.
Note 3	Make sure that the pressure setting is lower than "Safety valve setting - 1.0 MPa".
Note 4	The flow rate setting can be arbitrarily specified in steps of 0.1 L/min.
Note 5	According to the acceleration time setting, increases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously specified.

According to the deceleration time setting, decreases in both pressure and speed (flow rate) are simultaneously specified.

- Note 6 Specify whether to activate the contact outputs (alarm, warning and pressure switch outputs) individually, or integrate them into one output.
- Note 7 1: Enables reset to factory settings. When the power supply is turned ON again, the factory settings become active.

# c) Alarm mode

The alarm mode allows you to check alarm conditions listed below by selecting any item between A00 and A09.

Alarm No.	Description	Remarks	
A00 to A09	Alarm code indicating alarm condition	A smaller No. indicates a later alarm.	
A00 10 A09	(For each code, see the attached table.)		

An example of alarm mode operation is shown below.

<Example> Checking an alarm condition (E10: IPM alarm) of an alarm before the latest one (A01)

Operating procedure	Key operation	3-digit LED	Remarks
Power-ON			
<ul> <li>Actual pressure display</li> </ul>		20.6	
Alarm mode			
	Keep pressing two keys	<i>ROO</i>	After two seconds
	simultaneously for at least two	After two seconds (Displays the latest	
<ul> <li>Selecting alarm No.</li> </ul>	seconds. Press (へ) once.	alarm)	
	$\bigcirc$	80 I	
		Displays an alarm before the latest one	
Displays alarm condition	L		
		<u>E 10</u>	Alarm code and power-ON count are
		210	alternately displayed at a second interval.
Return to actual	$\bigcirc$		
pressure display mode		20.6	

# ■ Alarm code display list

The hydraulic unit incorporates alarm detecting functions that are classified as follows:

Panel display, unit operation and external output signal at occurrence of tr	ouble
--	-------

Unit status	Error condition	Panel display	Unit operation	External output signal	
Normal operation	[1]	Alarm No. display			
Power-ON (during initialization)	[2]	Alarm No. and erroneous parameter No. are alternately displayed.	Operation stop	See the table on the next	
Normal operation	[3]	Warning No. and actual pressure value are alternately displayed.	Operation	page.	
Normal operation	[4]	Warning No. display	continued		

#### Alarm codes and classification table

(Individual alarm output: When the alarm output combination setting [P08] is "0")

(Integrated alarm outpu	t <sup>.</sup> When the alarm or	utput combination settin	σ [P08]	l is "1")
(integrated alarm outpu	t. When the alarm of	uput comomation settin	5 11 00	1.5 1 )

	I	(Integrate	ed alarm output:	when the a	*			Joj 13 T )
				External output status				
					ere is continu	2		
1			Panel		ere is no conti	•		
Classit	fication	Description	indication			-	alarm activatio	
			maleation		vidual alarm o	1	0	larm output
				Relay	output	Alarm/	Relay	output
				A contact	B contact	Warning	A contact	B contact
Power	OFF		-	×	0	×	×	0
Darran	ON: Nor	a1	Actual pressure	0		0	0	
Power	ON: NOI	IIIai	display	0	×	0	U	×
	Output	device error	E10	-	-	×	×	0
	Instanta	neous overcurrent	E11	-	-	×	×	0
	Overspe	eed	E12	-	-	×	×	0
	Regene	rative brake overload	E14	-	-	×	×	0
	Underv	oltage	E15	-	-	×	×	0
	Overvo	ltage	E16	-	-	×	×	0
	Electron	nic thermal	E17	-	-	×	×	0
	Magnet	ic pole detection error	E18	-	-	×	×	0
		r cable break	E20	-	-	×	×	0
	Motor cable break		E21	-	-	×	×	0
[1]	Power supply open phase		E24	-	-	×	×	0
	Pressure sensor error		E30	-	-	×	×	0
	Motor start error		E31	_	-	×	×	0
	Motor thermistor cable break		E40	-	-	×	×	0
	Motor temperature abnormal						×	0
	rise		E41	-	-	×		
	Radiator fin thermistor cable		E42			×	×	0
	break			-	-			
	Fin temperature abnormal rise		E43	-	-	×	×	0
	-	operation error	E64	-	-	×	×	0
		naway (watchdog)	E91	-	-	×	×	0
		M data error (1)	E93	×	0	×	×	0
[2]		M data error (2)	E93	×	0	×	×	0
		emperature abnormal		~			^	
	warning		L44	0	×	*	×	0
[3]		perature abnormal						
	warning	-	L45	0	×	*	×	0
	-	supply voltage drop						
	warning		L50	0	×	*	×	0
		e deviation abnormal						
	warning		L60	0	×	*	×	0
[4]		e switch activation Note 1	L63	×	0	0	×	0
[ <del>"</del> ]	1 ICSSUIG		L03	~			~	5

During activation of an alarm of Classification [1], the system records the alarm, and holds the alarm code on the display.

During activation of an alarm of Classification [1], the pressure switch does not work. The system retains the status immediately before activation of the alarm.

When alarm output combination setting [P08] is "1" (integrated alarm output is selected), the alarm signal is output even if the warning/pressure switch is activated.

Note 1 The pressure switch activation alarm code ("L63" of Classification [4]) is displayed only with the a) or b) setting below:

a) When the pressure switch display hold setting (Setting mode [P03]) is "1" or "2.

b) When the pressure switch setting [P01] is enabled (When any number other than "0" is entered) When the pressure switch display hold setting [P03] is "1" or "2", the display hold status cannot be reset until the (-) key is pressed.

When the pressure switch display hold setting [P03] is "2", the alarm is stored in the alarm record if the pressure falls below the value of the pressure switch setting [P01].

\* The alarm/warning output of the individual alarm output of Classification [3], and the relay output B contact of the integrated alarm output vary depending on the warning output level setting [P07]. See "Attachment: Power-ON External I/O Signal Timing Chart".

# [12. Maintenance]

To keep the motor pump performance in good conditions for a long period, conduct periodic maintenance on the following items. If there is a problem, repair or replace defective parts.

Standard inspection cycles are listed below. However, these cycles considerably vary depending on the operating conditions and environment.

# Periodic inspection

Item	Inspection cycle	Method
<ul> <li>Oil tank</li> <li>Oil level check</li> </ul>	Daily, Occasionally	Make sure that the float of the oil level gauge is between the red and yellow lines. Check the hydraulic oil for whitish muddiness and air bubbles.
• Oil temperature check	Daily, Occasionally	Make sure that the oil temperature is 60°C or less. (Normally, use the oil at 15 to 50°C.)
• Oil color check	Semiannually	Deterioration of hydraulic oil can be checked by color. If the hydraulic oil turns brownish (ASTM L4 level: bright yellow), replace it.
• Return filter	Daily, Occasionally	Check the indicator for clogging of the return filter. If the return filter is clogged, replace the filter element.
• Oil cooler		
• Fan motor rotation	Daily, Occasionally	Make sure that the fan motor is rotating.
• Clogging of the core	Semiannually	Visually check the core for clogging.
		<ul> <li>If the fan motor rotation is stopped, or the core is clogged,</li> <li>[1] the oil cooler cooling capacity remarkably deteriorates. This causes the hydraulic oil or the unit to become hot, resulting in burns. Also, this accelerates deterioration of the hydraulic oil, causing the unit service life to be shortened.</li> <li>[2] the motor becomes hot, causing the motor service life to be shortened.</li> <li>[3] the controller heat radiation performance deteriorates, causing the electric component service life to be shortened.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>Pressure display</li><li>Operation check</li></ul>	Daily, Occasionally	Check if the indicated value changes according to load condition changes.
• Pressure display check	Daily, Occasionally	Make sure that the pressure display for D.H. conforms to the preset value.
• Sound and vibration	Daily, Occasionally	Check for abnormal sound and vibration.
• Electric wiring	Semiannually	<ol> <li>Check the cable sheathing for cracks or fracture.</li> <li>Measure the insulation resistance, and check for a decrease in insulation resistance.</li> <li>Make sure that the ground cable is securely connected.</li> </ol>
• Hose	Yearly	Check the hose for cracks, fracture or flaws.
• Screws and pipes	Daily, Occasionally	Check screws and pipes for looseness and oil leak.

### Cleaning and replacement

Item	Operation cycle	Method
• Replacement of oil tank and oil	Yearly	Replace hydraulic oil periodically. If the oil is used without replacement for a long period, it has bad influences on operation and service life of the hydraulic unit.
• Cleaning of oil cooler and core	Yearly	Disassemble and clean the oil cooler and the core according to "Maintenance Procedure" on p. 44 and p. 45.
• Cleaning of AC fan	Yearly	Disassemble and clean the AC fan (air breather) according to "Maintenance Procedure" on p. 47.
• Oil filling port (Air breather)	Yearly	Disassemble and clean the oil filling port (air breather) according to "Maintenance Procedure" on p. 48.
• Suction strainer	Yearly	Disassemble and clean the suction strainer according to "Maintenance Procedure" on p. 48.
• Return filter <sup>*1</sup>	If the indicator shows filter clog, replace the filter element.	Replace the filter element according to the maintenance procedure on p. 49.

<sup>\*1</sup> The type of the return filter is MAR10-10P-S, manufactured by Masuda Mfg. The type of the filter element is AR10-010P.

# **A**DANGER

- [1] Do not access or touch rotating parts.
- [2] If you touch internal components of the controller, observe the following procedure to prevent electric shock.
  - i) Turn OFF the hydraulic unit main power supply.

(Turn OFF the power supply circuit breaker.)

To prevent erroneous operation during work, post an "Operation Prohibited (During Work)" sign on the power supply circuit breaker.

ii) Remove the controller cover after elapse of at least five minutes.

The controller uses a large-capacitance capacitor. If you work with the capacitor charged, you may get electric shock. Before removing the controller cover, be sure to leave the controller for at least five minutes to discharge electricity from the capacitor.

[3] Before turning ON the power supply to start operation, mount all covers to the controller.

# Oil cooler maintenance procedure

#### MARNING

- [1] Before maintenance work, stop operation, and turn OFF the main power supply.
- [2] During work, wear protective goggles and gloves.
  - i) The core fin has a sharp edge. Be careful not to hurt yourself.
  - ii) During air blow, be careful that foreign bodies will not touch your eyes.

# **A**CAUTION

- [1] Be careful that strong force will not be applied to the fan motor power supply cable and connector during work.
- [2] During disassembly process, oil will flow out of the pipes and oil cooler.
- 1. Dismounting the oil cooler
- [1] Loosen the cross recessed truss head machine screws (M5  $\times$  L14, two pieces) in the full cover, and remove the full cover.
  - The full cover has been fastened to the unit body with the claws (at six places in total: two at the front of the unit, one on each side, and two at the top of the unit). Lift the cover vertically from the unit.
- [2] Open the controller small cover, and remove the fan connector and the fan ground cable.

hoses (two pieces) at the top of the oil cooler.

[5] Remove the hose bands (at two places), and disconnect the

Note) In this step, oil may leak due to backward oil flow

[6] Remove the hexagon socket head bolts (M5  $\times$  L16: 2 pieces)

from the tank. Before conducting this step, attach a

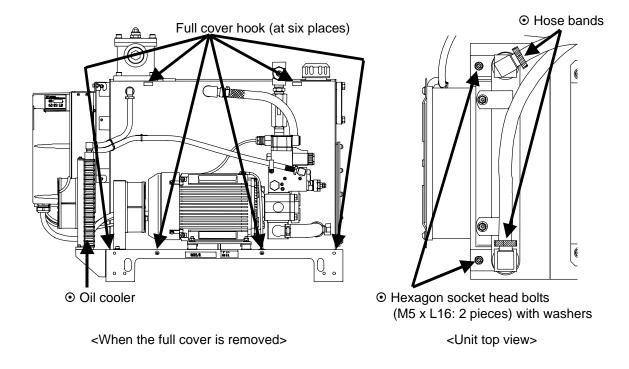
[3] Cut the binding strap that ties the fan harness.[4] Cut the binding strap that ties the hoses.

blind plug to each hose.

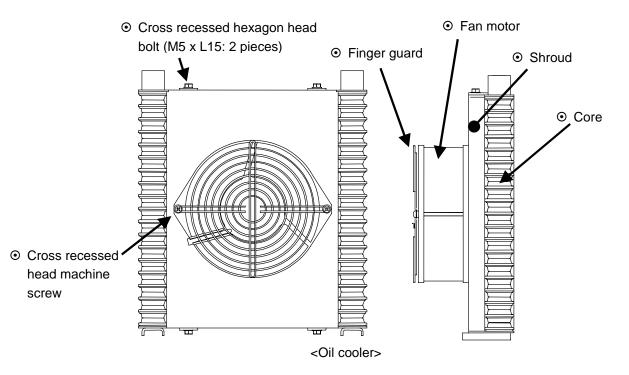
with washers, and dismount the oil cooler.

# Fan connector

Fan ground cable <When the controller small cover is removed>



- 2. Disassembling the oil cooler
- [1] Remove the cross recessed hexagon head bolts (M5  $\times$  L12: 4 pieces), and separate the shroud from the core.
- [2] Remove the cross recessed head machine screws (M4  $\times$  L70: 2 pieces), and separate the fan motor and finger guard from the shroud.



### 3. Cleaning the core

Blow air or steam onto the core, and clean the fins by blowing off dust accumulated on/adhering to the fins. When cleaning the fins, be careful that the dust blown away will not enter the core.

# 4. Cleaning the fan motor

Clean the clearance between the blade periphery and the casing, as well as the blades and the casing, by using a cloth.

# 

[1] Prohibition of steam/air blow

• Never attempt to blow steam or air onto the fan motor. Steam/air blow causes foreign bodies to be blown into the motor.

#### 5. Reassembling the oil cooler

After cleaning is completed, reassemble the oil cooler.

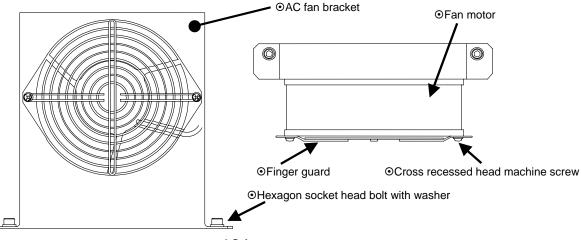
After reassembling is completed, conduct the test run procedure described on p. 29 to make sure that the hydraulic unit normally operates.

Check if the oil cooler air intake/exhaust direction is correct. (See p. 15)

#### ■ AC fan maintenance procedure

- 1. Removing the AC fan
- 1) Remove the full cover. (See p. 44)
- 2) Open the controller small cover, and remove the fan connector and the fan ground cable. (See p. 44)
- 3) Cut the binding strap that ties the fan harness.
- 4) Remove the hexagon socket head bolts with washers (M6 × L15: two pieces), and remove the AC fan bracket.
- 2. Cleaning the AC fan bracket

Remove the cross recessed head machine screws (M4  $\times$  L70: two pieces), and separate the AC fan bracket form the fan motor and the fan guard.





#### 3. Cleaning the AC fan bracket

Blow steam or air onto the AC fan bracket to eliminate dust or contamination accumulated on/adhering to the bracket.

#### 4. Cleaning the fan motor

Clean the clearance between the blade periphery and the casing, as well as the fan blades and the casing, by using a cloth.

Δ	CAL	JTION
---	-----	-------

[1]	Pr	ohibition of steam/air blow
	٠	Never attempt to blow steam or air onto the fan motor. Steam/air blow causes foreign bodies to be
		blown into the motor.

5. Re-assembling the AC fan

After cleaning the AC fan, re-assemble it.

After reassembling is completed, make sure that the fan normally operates according to the test run procedure described on p. 29.

(Check if the oil cooler air intake/exhaust direction is correct. (See p. 15))

Oil filling port (air breather) maintenance procedure

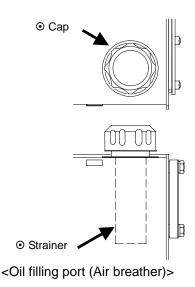
1. Removing procedure

The cap can be easily removed by turning it counterclockwise by hand.

2. Cleaning procedure

Blow air onto the filter to blow off dust accumulated on/adhering to the filter.

Remove dust from inside of the strainer cylinder.



#### 3. Mounting direction

Mount the cap by turning it clockwise by hand until it stops.

### ▲ WARNING

• During air blow, wear protective goggles to prevent accumulated substances or dust from touching your eyes.

#### Suction strainer maintenance procedure

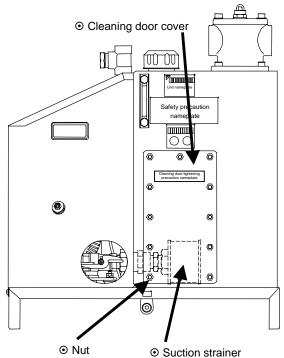
- 1. Removing procedure
- [1] After draining hydraulic oil completely, remove the nuts (M8: 12 pieces; Tightening torque: 9 to 10 N·m) from the cleaning door cover, and remove the cover from the cleaning door.
  - \* When the Super Unit uses the 160 L tank, there are 14 nuts for the cleaning door.
- [2] You can see the suction strainer. Loosen the strainer, and remove it.(Hexagon nut, Width across flats: 41 mm)
- 2. Cleaning procedure

Blow air onto the filter to blow off dust accumulated on/adhering to the filter.

Remove dust from inside of the strainer cylinder.

3. Reassembling the strainer

After cleaning is completed, reassemble the suction strainer. Follow the removing procedure in reverse. After reassembling is completed, conduct the test run procedure described on p. 29 to make sure that the hydraulic unit normally operates.



#### ▲ WARNING

• During air blow, wear protective goggles to prevent accumulated substances or dust from touching your eyes.

### ■ Return filter element replacement procedure

When the detector indicates clogging of the filter (the indicator ring floats up, and the green area of the indicator column is completely hidden), replace the filter element according to the following procedure:

- 1. Loosen the hexagon socket head bolts [1] that fasten the cover [3], and pull up the cover. Then, the element [5] can be removed.
- 2. Pull out the split pin [10] from the element, loosen the element tightening nut [9], and remove the parts [6] to [8].
- 3. Replace the element with a new one, and re-mount it by following the above procedure in reverse.
- 4. Tighten the hexagon socket head bolts [1] securely in the diagonal order.

[1] Hexagon socket head bolt	⊸¶ _&
[2] Plain washer	
[3] Cover	-& 92
[4] Packing —	
[5] Element	2000
[6] Packing	
[7] Plain washer	
[8] Spring washer	
[9] Element tightening nut	
[10] Split pin	
[11] O-ring	

# [Attachment: High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure]

With this hydraulic unit, it is not necessary to change the high-pressure safety valve settings in detail, even in the case of pressure setting adjustment. This hydraulic unit uses the IPM motor, resulting in drastic improvement of the motor drive system. Thus, it ensures stable performance without necessity of high-pressure safety valve setting adjustment.

In any of the following three cases, adjust the safety valve with reference to "Safety Valve Adjusting Procedure".

1. When safety valve setting adjustment is required:

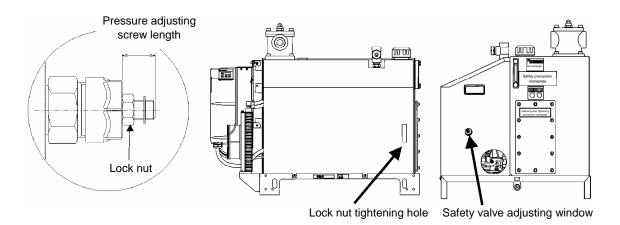
Even if the hydraulic unit is used with the maximum pressure setting, the safety valve will not be activated under normal pressure control (except for the transient period when the circuit is blocked due to stop of the master machine hydraulic actuator). However, the safety valve set pressure will be lowered due to long-term repeated operations and contaminants in the hydraulic oil. If the safety valve is activated even with normal conditions, safety valve adjustment is required.

### [Judgment criteria]

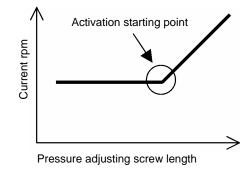
- The hydraulic oil temperature rising time is shorter than before.
- When the safety valve adjusting screw is turned in the tightening direction, the rpm indication in the pressure hold status is lowered.
- 2. To minimize surge pressure that much exceeds a set pressure, safety valve adjustment is required in consideration of the withstand pressure of the hoses being used.
- 3. When the pressure set value is changed from the factory setting: In order to suppress surge pressure to protect the master machine peripheral equipment (actuator, pressure gauge, etc.), it is recommended that the safety valve set pressure should be set "pressure of the unit + 1.0 MPa".

<High-pressure Safety Valve Adjustment Procedure>

- Referring to the enlarged view of the high-pressure safety valve shown below, loosen the lock nut. (M10 lock nut, Width across flats: 14 mm)
- [2] According to the pressure adjusting screw length reference chart, determine the screw length corresponding to a desired control pressure setting.
  - \* Tip of adjusting screw: Hexagon socket head, Width across flats: 5 mm
  - \* One turn of the adjusting screw changes the pressure by approx. 7.7 MPa.



- [3] Turn ON the hydraulic unit power supply, and select the setting mode through panel key operation. Then, set a desired pressure.
- [4] Select [n05] (rpm display) in the monitor mode through panel key operation to show the current rpm.
- [5] Adjust the pressure adjusting screw length in the longitudinal direction, and find an activation starting point as shown on the right.



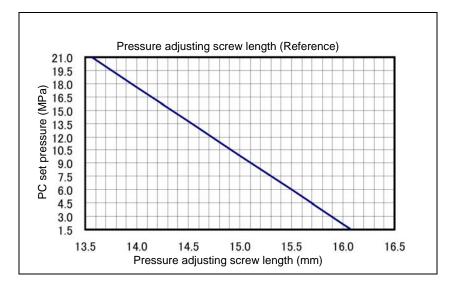
- [6] Turn the pressure adjusting screw clockwise by 1/8 turn from the activation starting point to tighten the screw.
- [7] Tighten the lock nut. This completes the safety valve adjusting procedure.(When tightening the lock nut, be careful not to allow the adjusting screw to turn.)

★CAUTION: To set the safety valve to 20 MPa or higher pressure, caution is required.

(Excessively increasing the safety valve setting causes the pump to be damaged by surge pressure.)

To adjust the safety valve, follow the procedure below:

First, set the safety valve by following the above steps [1] to [5] so that the pressure setting is 7.7 MPa (corresponding to one turn of the pressure adjusting screw) lower than a target pressure. Then, tighten the adjusting screw by turning it clockwise by one turn, and conduct the above step [7].



# [Attachment: Power-ON External I/O Signal Timing Chart]

- 1. When parameter [P08] is "0"
- 1-1 When the pressure switch function is not used

Power supply (200V)						
				H: Stop	command	
Start/stop signal			L: Operation command			
Alarm/Warning	L: Abnormal		H: Normal			
Pressure switch	L: Activated					
(Relay output)						
	3 sec. max.	0.2 sec. average				
Pressure			/	<u>\</u>		/
Mode	Charging	Magnetic pole detection	Normal c	control		
Display	<i>8.8.8</i> .	Actual pressure display	Actual pressure disp	lay	SEP	Actual pressure display

#### 1-2 When the pressure switch function is used

Power supply (200)	()					
				H: Stop	command	
Start/stop signal			L: Operation command			
Alarm/Warning	L: Abnormal		H: Normal			
Pressure switch	L: Activated		H: Normal pres	sure cor	ndition	
(Relay output)	Pressure s	witch setting		Y		The output may be unstable
Pressure	3 sec. max.	0.2 sec. average	/		·	depending on the relationship between the pressure switch setting and delay time.
Mode	Charging	Magnetic pole detection	Normal	control		
Display	<i>8.8.8</i> .	Actual pressure display	Actual pressure dis	olay	SEP	Actual pressure display

#### 1-3 When the pressure switch function is used (Stop at power-ON)

Power supply (200V)				
		H: Stop command		
Start/stop signal				L: Operation command
Alarm/Warning	L: Abnormal	H: Normal	 	
Pressure switch	L: Activated	H: Normal pressu	re condition	
(Relay output)				A     A _
	Pressure s	witch setting		<u> </u>
				$\square$
	3 sec. max.		0.2 sec. average	The output may be unstable depending on the relationship between the pressure switch setting
Pressure	$\langle \rangle$		$\longleftrightarrow$	and delay time.
			Magnetic pole	
Mode	Charging	Magnetic pole detection	detection	Normal control
Display	<i>8.8.8</i> .	SEP	! ! ! !	Actual pressure display

\* Magnetic pole detection will be executed at the first motor startup after power-ON.

# 1-4 Alarm classification [1]

Alarm/Warning	H: Normal	L: Abnormal
Pressure switch (Relay output)	H: Normal pressure condition	* Holding the status immediately before alarm activation
Pressure		Pressure drop due to motor stop
Mode	Normal control	Motor stop due to alarm activation
Display	Actual pressure display	Alarm code display

# 1-5 Alarm classification [2]

L: Abnormal
L: Activated
>
Motor stop due to alarm activation
L: Alarm code H: Setting No. * Alternately displayed at 1-second interval.

# 1-6 Alarm classification [3]

P07: Warning outp	ut level setting Level 0	H: Normal					
Alarm/Warning	Level 1	H: Normal	L: Abrormal				
	Level 2	H: Normal	L: Abnormal				
			0.5 sec. 0.5 sec.	>			
Pressure switch (Relay output)	H: Normal pressure con	dition					
Temperature error thresh	old level						
		<10 sec.	•				
Thermistor temperature							
Mode	Normal contr	ol		Con	trolled in warr	ing status	
Display	Actual pressure c	lisplay	L: Alarm code	H: Actual pressure display	_ · _ <b>&gt;</b>		
			* Alternately disp	layed at 1-second interval	ı. \		

\* When "Level 0" is selected, an actual pressure value is displayed.

1-7 Alarm classification [4]

				H: Stop command	
Start/stop signal	L: Operation command				
	H: Normal				
Alarm/Warning			   	   	
				, , ,	
Pressure switch	H: Normal pressure condition		L: Activated		
(Relay output)	(Note)	Λ			
	↓				
		7	i r	¦	/
	ssure switch setting				
[2] "P02"	pressure switch delay time [*]	_[*]		Ν	
Pressure				<u>ι λ</u>	/
			-		
Display	Actual pressure display	L6.	<u> </u>		
		* Ho	lds display until ENT ke	y is pressed even after pre	essure reset.

The above chart shows the case where "P03" (Pressure switch display hold setting) is [1] or [2]. When "P03" is [0], an actual pressure value is displayed.

When the stop command is activated by the start/stop signal, the pressure switch is in the normal condition.

The "P01" and "P02" settings (above [1] and [2]) can be changed in the setting mode. For the setting procedure and setting range, see "Operating procedure for each mode: b) Setting mode" on p. 31.

Note) For the purpose of explanation, the above "1-7 Alarm classification [4]" chart shows the case where the pressure switch is activated without a dead zone. Actually, however, the pressure switch has a dead zone of approx. 0.5 MPa.

# 2. When parameter [P08] is "1"

2-1 When the pressure switch function is not used

Power supply (200V)						
				H: Stop	command	
Start/stop signal			L: Operation command			
Alarm/Warning	L: Abnormal		H: Normal			
(Relay output)	3 sec. max.	0.2 sec. average				
Pressure			/	·····	<u>۲</u>	/
Mode	Charging	Magnetic pole detection	Normal control			
Display	<i>8.8.8</i> .	Actual pressure display	Actual pressure displ	ay	SEP	Actual pressure display

# 2-2 When the pressure switch function is used

Power supply (200V)								
					H: Stop	command		
Start/stop signal				L: Operation command				
				14 No				
Alarm/Warning	L: Abnormal			H: Normal				
(Relay output)		vitch setting	/		$\frac{1}{2}$			The output may be unstable depending on the relationship between the pressure switch
Pressure	< 3 sec. max.	0.2 sec. average	/				/	setting and delay time.
Mode	Charging	Magnetic pole detection		Normal control		     		
Display	<i>8.8.8</i> .	Actual pressure display	Ac	tual pressure disp	lay	SEP	A	Actual pressure display

# 2-3 When the pressure switch function is used (Stop at power-ON)

Power supply (200V	ſ)					
		H: Stop command				
Start/stop signal				L: Operation command		
Alarm/Warning	L: Abnormal			H: Normal		
(Relay output)						
	Pressure sv	vitch setting				
	3 sec. max.		0,2 sec. average	The output may be unstable depending on the relationship between the pressure switch setting and delay time.		
Pressure	$\longleftrightarrow$		$\leftarrow$	/		
Mode	Charging	Standby for operation	Magnetic pole detection	Normal control		
Display	<b>8.8.8</b> .	SEP		Actual pressure display		
			* Magnetic po	le detection will be executed at the first motor startup after power-ON.		

# 2-4 Alarm classification [1]

Alarm/Warning	H: Normal	L: Abnormal
(Relay output)		
_		Pressure drop due to motor stop
Pressure		
		<b>\</b>
Mode	Normal control	Motor stop due to alarm activation
Display	Actual pressure display	Alarm code display blinking

# 2-5 Alarm classification [2]

Power supply (200V)		
Alarm/Warning (Relay output)	L: Abnomal	
Pressure	3 sec. max. ←───>	
Mode	Charging	Motor stop due to alarm activation
Display	8.8.8.	L: Alarm code H: Setting No.
		* Alternately displayed at 1-second interval.

# 2-6 Alarm classification [3]

P07: Warning output level setting								
Alarm/Warning	Level 0 H	: Normal						
(Relay output)								
	Level 1, 2 H	l: Normal	L: Abnomal					
Temperature error thresho	ld level							
		10						
	<b>F</b>	10 sec.						
Thermistor temperature	 		 					
Mode	Normal control		Controlled in warning status					
			······································					
Display	Actual pressure display		L: Alarm code_H: Actual press re display					
* Alternately displayed at 1-second interval.								

\* When "Level 0" is selected, an actual pressure value is displayed.

# 2-7 Alarm classification [4]

				H: Stop command		
Start/stop signal	L: Operation command					
Alarm/Warning (Relay output)	H: Normal		L: Abnomal			
	sure switch setting			\		
Pressure				$\setminus$	/	
Display	Actual pressure display	L63	1			

The above chart shows the case where "P03" (Pressure switch display hold setting) is [1] or [2]. When "P03" is [0], an actual pressure value is displayed.

When the stop command is activated by the start/stop signal, the pressure switch is in the normal condition.

The "P01" and "P02" settings (above [1] and [2]) can be changed in the setting mode. For the setting procedure and setting range, see "Operating procedure for each mode: b) Setting mode" on p. 31.

Note) For the purpose of explanation, the above "2-7 Alarm classification [4]" chart shows the case where the pressure switch is activated without a dead zone. Actually, however, the pressure switch has a dead zone of approx. 0.5 MPa.

#### Start/Stop command input P-Q 0 input P-Q 1 input P-Q 2 input P-Q 3 input Complete signal output P2 P1 Pressure Actual pressure (Command) \_\_\_\_\_ Q1 Q2 Actual rpm rpm (Command) -≯ $\rightarrow$ --> ---> --> --> [1] [3] [2] [4] [5] [6] Q1 Q1 A [2] Q2 Q2 Q2 [1] [3] [4] [5] [6] -> P1 P1 P1 P2 P2 P-Q selection P-Q selection 1 P-Q selection P-Q selection 5 [1] Startup by [2] Changing P-Q [4] Changing P-Q selection [5] Stop by start/stop signal start/stop signal selection number number (Pressure [6] Startup by start/stop signal (Speed control (Deceleration) increase) (Pressure control mode) mode) [3] Changing operation mode (Feed $\rightarrow$ Holding pressure)

• When the command value is being changed according to a change in P-Q selection No., the complete signal status is "Lo". When the command value does not change any more, the complete signal status is changed to "Hi".

# 3. Contact I/O timing chart